	vocabulary will be displayed on Working Wa . to use for whole class teaching demonstra			• • •	abulary will be introduce	nd skills need to be taught in ch d and pre-taught by staff week	-		
			Autur	mn 1					
	Science – S	easonal Changes			History	– How Am I making history			
	Week 1	Week 2	We	ek 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6		
é	The Rainbow Fish	Elmer	The Magic Porridge Pot		The Gingerbread Boy	We're going on a Bear Hunt	The Squirrels Who Squabbled.		
Text and Genre	atteor est		the main and the second s		The second secon	We're Going on a Bear Hunt Michael Reve Construction Michael Reve Michael Reve Mich	SQUIRRELS WHO SQUABBLED		
		Handwriting Foc	cus			Use past tense	Use past tense		
Year 1 Genre Progression						Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word /	Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use		
Yea Pro						use said.)	said.)		
Handwr	iting – Sit at a table properly and hold my pencil	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	between	words.	1				
	<b>Coat hanger letters</b> Sit at a table properly and hold my pencil	Straight line and smile letters	Bridge and z Sit at a table properl	ig zag letters	Misfit letters Consolidate handwriting	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with a	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with a time		
	correctly.	Sit at a table properly and hold my pencil correctly.	Sit at a table propert		consolidate nandwriting	time word (time adverbial /	word (time adverbial / time		
io	I form lower case letters correctly, starting	I form lower case letters correctly,	I form lower case letters correctly, starting		Letter formation then	time adverb) (First, Next,	adverb) (First, Next, Then, After		
tuat	and finishing in the right place.	starting and finishing in the right place.	and finishing in		into words towards the	Then, After that, Finally).	that, Finally).		
nuct	All letters sit on the line.	All letters sit on the line.	All letters sit Tall letters (ascenders		end of the week Introduce the capital	Write a sentence starting with a time word (time adverbial /	Write a sentence starting with a time word (time adverbial / time		
Year 1 Grammar and Punctuation	Tall letters (ascenders) touch the line above. Use short letters.	Tall letters (ascenders) touch the line above.	Use shor	,	letter of these letters	time adverb) (First, Next, Then, After that, Finally). and	adverb) (First, Next, Then, After that, Finally). and ending with a		
nar		Use short letters.	Letter formation the	n into words towards		ending with a full stop.	full stop.		
amr	Letter formation then into words towards	Letter formation then into words		f the week		Write in the past tense.			
ษ	the end of the week Introduce the capital letter of these letters	towards the end of the week Introduce the capital letter of these	Introduce the capital	letter of these letters					
	introduce the capital letter of these letters	letters							
	*"Dictation gives children opportunities to practise and apply their spelling knowledge and segmenting skills, without having to compose sentences by themselves. It requires them to distinguish between the sounds they hear in order to choose the correct graphemes to represent the sounds and to form the letters correctly." Research and Review, May 2023								
ള	ff	ck	ау		00	ou	ow/ said		
elli	SS	tch	ee		ar	оу	oo/ says		
Spi	П	ve	igh		or	ay/ the	oo/ are		
Year 1 Spelling	ZZ	-y	ow 00		air ir	ee/ today igh/ of	ar/ were or/ was		
Ye						-0-1 OI	.,		

			Autumn	2		
	Science	e – Everyday Materials		Geogr	aphy- Geography – What's it	like here?
	Week 7	Week 8	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4
Text and Genre	The Three Little Pigs	The Elves and the Shoemaker.	The Tiger Who Came to Tea	Visit to local area.	Percy the Park Keeper – After the Storm	Instructions – The Gruffalo
Year 1 Genre Progression	Use past tense Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use past tense Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use past tense Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use first person. Use time words. Chronological. Use information based on a real event/experience.	Use past tense Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Title Numbered steps Each step on a new line What you need with bullet points Time adverbial as an opener Linked to personal experience Present tense Linked to oral instructions when playing
Year 1 Grammar and Punctuation	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with a time word (time adverbial / time adverb) (First, Next, Then, After that, Finally). Write a sentence starting with a time word (time adverbial / time adverb) (First, Next, Then, After that, Finally). and ending with a full stop. Add missing words to a sentence.	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with an opener. ( <u>The, He</u> , She, It, They). Write a sentence starting with an opener and ending with a full stop. Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with a time word (time adverbial / time adverb) or an opener.	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with an opener. (The, He <u>, She</u> , It, <u>They</u> ). Write a sentence starting with an opener and ending with a full stop. Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with a time word (time adverbial / time adverb) or an opener.	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with an opener. (The, He, She, <u>It</u> ,). Write a sentence starting with an opener and ending with a full stop. Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with a time word (time adverbial / time adverb) or an opener. Use adjectives to describe a noun (size and colour). Use the personal pronoun 'I' (when writing a personal recount).	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with a time word (time adverbial / time adverb) or an opener. Time word (time adverbial / time adverb) / opener always starts with a capital letter. Use a capital letter for names of people.	Write in the present tense (character description / instructions).
Year 1 Spelling	by themselves. It requires then ff ss II zz	*"Dictation gives children opportunitie m to distinguish between the sounds the ck tch ve -y		<b>o o o</b>	<b>o</b> .	

			Spring 1	L			
	History-	How toys have changed.			Science- Animals		
	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	
	The Storm Whale	Recount of visit from Toy Museum	Dogger	The Naughty Bus	Lost in the Toy Museum	Traction Man – Character Description	
Text and Genre			Strivitau Happer DOGGER	Naughty Bus	LOST TOY MUSEUM		
ç	Use past tense Simple sentences	Use first person. Use time words. Chronological.	Use past tense Simple sentences	Use past tense Simple sentences	Use past tense Simple sentences	What they look like	
Year 1 Genre Progression	Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use information based on a real event/experience.	Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Simple adjectives (colour and size) Appearance and personality (appropriate words)	
Ye Genre Pi					,		
			y letters are close together when				
Year 1 Grammar and	Read a sentence by putting my finger under each word checking it makes sense.	To write in the first person,( I, My, We). Use I, My, We as openers.	Use the conjunction 'and' to join two words. (The tree was tall and green).	Include an exclamation mark to demarcate exciting sentences (Suddenly, Quickly, As quick as a flash). Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with an exciting opener and ends with an exclamation mark. (Suddenly, As quick as a flash, Quickly).	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with new time word (time adverbial / time adverb) and ends with a full stop or an exclamation mark.	Write in the present tense (character description / instructions). Use knew openers (On, Around, His, Traction Man)	
	*"Dictation gives children opportunities to practise and apply their spelling knowledge and segmenting skills, without having to compose sentences by themselves. It requires them to distinguish between the sounds they hear in order to choose the correct graphemes to represent the sounds and to form the letters correctly." Research and Review, May 2023						
Year 1 Spelling	air/ Is ir/ His ou/ Has oy/ your multisyllabic set 1/ you	ph / They wh / Be ea / He oi / She a-e / no	i-e/So o-e/ By u-e/ My aw/ Here ur/ there	ire/ I ear/ Me ure/ We are/ go ue/ school	er/ Where ow/ Love ai/ Come oa/ Some ew/ one	ie/ Ask kn/ Friend au/ Here e-e/ Put ph/ push	

	Spring 2								
	Geography- What is the weather like in the UK? Science – Animals								
	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3			
Text and Genre	The Owl Babies – Diary Entry	Life Cycle Explanation	Monkey Puzzle – Diary Entry	Retell – We're going on a Lion Hunt	Retell – Handa's Surprise	The Queen's Handbag – Retell			
Year 1 Genre Progression	Simple recount of a day First person Past tense Dear Diary	Present tense. Time adverbials to sequence the process It may be helpful if the children write an explanation which is linked to a simple life cycle.	Simple recount of a day First person Past tense Dear Diary	Use past tense Title Include beginning, middle end Chronological order Story language; Once upon a time, one sunny day etc Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use past tense Title Include beginning, middle end Chronological order Story language; Once upon a time, one sunny day etc Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use past tense Title Include beginning, middle end Chronological order Story language; Once upon a time, one sunny day etc Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)			
			Handwriting- I fill the line w	ith my writing.					
Year 1 Grammar and Dunctuation	Correct any missing capital letters (Start of a sentence, proper nouns and personal pronoun I)	Use scientific language.	Use adjectives to describe thoughts and feelings (diary entry as a character, informal letter).	Increase use of a variety of time word (time adverbial / time adverb) (Later, Soon, At last)	Use a wider variety of openers (Once upon a time)	Think, say and remember a sentence that starts with a question opener and ends with a question mark. (Will, What) Use a question mark to demarcate a question sentence starting with Will and What. Use a capital letter for names of places			
	*"Dictation gives children opportunities to practise and apply their spelling knowledge and segmenting skills, without having to compose sentences by themselves. It requires them to distinguish between the sounds they hear in order to choose the correct graphemes to represent the sounds and to form the letters correctly." Research and Review, May 2023								
Year 1 Spelling	Wh/ pull ea / full oi / house a-e i-e	o-e u-e aw ur er	ow ai oa ew ire	ear ure are a-e i-e	o-e u-e aw ur- er	ea oi a-e i-e o-e			

	CURRICULUM FOR WRITING- YEAR 1									
	Summer 1									
	History - Ho	ow have Explorers Changed the World.		Science- Plants						
	Week 4	Week 5	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4				
	Animal Riddles	How to plant a sunflower / bean.	The Enormous Turnip – Retell	Lost and Found – Retell	Meerkat Mail – Retell	Jack and the Beanstalk – Retell				
Text and Genre			tanjand O Reader	LOST as FOUND	MEERKAT MAIL	O Tredit proved				
	Riddle	Title	Use past tense	Use past tense	Use past tense	Use past tense				
	What am	Numbered steps	Title	Title	Title	Title				
	l? Openers	Each step on a new line What you need with bullet points	Include beginning, middle end Chronological order	Include beginning, middle end	Include beginning, middle end	Include beginning, middle end Chronological order				
	New clue, new line	Time adverbial as an opener	Story language; Once upon a	Chronological order	Chronological order	Story language; Once upon a time, one sunny				
	Present tense	Linked to personal experience	time, one sunny day etc	Story language; Once upon	Story language; Once upon a	day etc				
Year 1 Genre	Conjunction – and (to join words)	Present tense	Simple sentences	a time, one sunny day etc	time, one sunny day etc	Simple sentences				
Ye Ge	Tease the reader Adjectives	Linked to oral instructions when playing	Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word /	Simple sentences Structure needs to be	Simple sentences Structure needs to be	Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)				
	Finish with What am I?		use said.)	correct	correct	(Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)				
				(Not to rewrite word for	(Not to rewrite word for					
				word / use said.)	word / use said.)					
		Handwriting- Fill the line with wr	iting and start a new line when th	ere is not enough space to v	vrite the complete word.					
	Use new sentence openers - I	Check use of punctuation at the end of a	Use 'and' to join words and to	-ed suffix	-ing suffix	-er and -est suffix				
Year 1 Grammar and Punctuation	have, I am, You (riddles).	sentence.	join clauses in sentences.							
	*"Dictation gives children opportu			5 . ,	•	listinguish between the sounds they hear in order				
	to choose the correct graphemes to represent the sounds and to form the letters correctly." Research and Review, May 2023									
	ow	ea	u-e	ai	ure	i-e				
r 1 ing	ai	oi	aw	oa	are	о-е				
Year 1 Spelling	oa	a-e	ur-	ew	ea	u-e				
SF \	ew ire	i-e o-e	er ow	ire ear	oi a-e	aw ur				
			, cw		a-c					

			Summer	2					
		Science – Making Connections	Geography – What is it like living in Shanghai?						
	Week 5	Week 6	Week 1	Week 2	Week 4	Week 5			
	The Hungry Caterpillar – Retell	The Scarecrows' Wedding - Retell	What the Ladybird Heard – Retell	The Growing Story – Retell	Season Non-chronological	Recount of trip to farm			
Text and Genre	THE VERY UN-VERY DO DO D	Serverous Wacht	What 60 Ladybird M Heard	Growing Story S	Report	Vật CâNNON Hái là Hái h			
Year 1 Genre Progression	Use past tense Title Include beginning, middle end Chronological order Story language; Once upon a time, one sunny day etc Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use past tense Title Include beginning, middle end Chronological order Story language; Once upon a time, one sunny day etc Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use past tense Title Include beginning, middle end Chronological order Story language; Once upon a time, one sunny day etc Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Use past tense Title Include beginning, middle end Chronological order Story language; Once upon a time, one sunny day etc Simple sentences Structure needs to be correct (Not to rewrite word for word / use said.)	Facts gathered as a class Topic related vocabulary Given title Labelled pictures Present tense	Use first person. Use time words. Chronological. Use information based on a real event/experience.			
		Handwriting- Fill the line with	writing and start a new line when the	ere is not enough space to write	the complete word.				
Year 1 Grammar and Dunctuation	Use a capital letter for days of the week.	Focus on using the question words – Where and Who to begin a question sentence.	Correct any misspelt Year 1 Common Exception Words and many Year 1 Spelling rules.	Addition of adjective to improve a sentence.	Consolidation of previous skills / AFL	Consolidation of previous skills / AFL			
	*"Dictation gives children opportunities to practise and apply their spelling knowledge and segmenting skills, without having to compose sentences by themselves. It requires them to distinguish between the sounds they hear in order to choose the correct graphemes to represent the sounds and to form the letters correctly." Research and Review, May 2023								
Year 1 Spelling	Compound words er ow ai oa	ew ire ear ure are	ea oi a-e i-e o-e	u-e aw ur er ow	ai oa ew ire ear	ea oi a-e i-e o-e			